



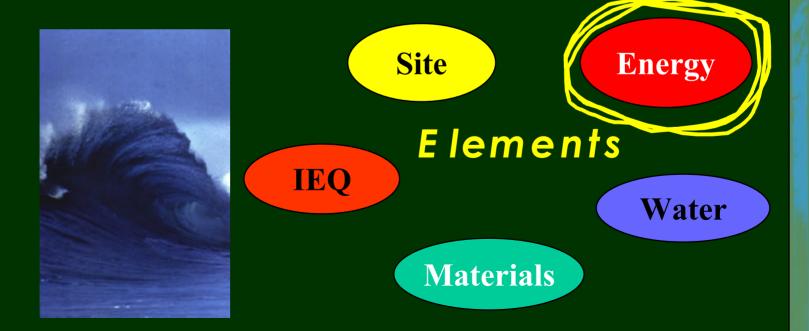
Benchmarking
Environmentally
Friendly Laboratories
4 Case Studies

Sustainable Design



Sustainable Goals

- Protect Ecosystems
- Conserve Resources
- Improve Indoor Environmental Quality





New Research and Development Laboratories and HQ offices

- Completed 1997
- 250,000GSF lab and office
- \$34 million
- \$139/SF



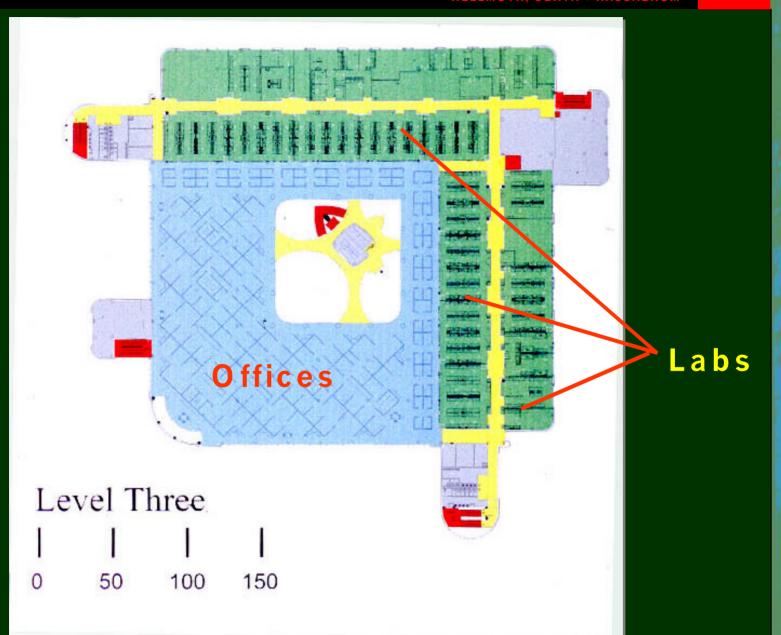


Key Energy Strategy Components

- 3 angstrom sieve heat wheel for all exhaust
- Under floor air distribution
- Personal Environmental Controls
- Occupancy sensors on lighting and air distribution
- Maximum use of daylighting

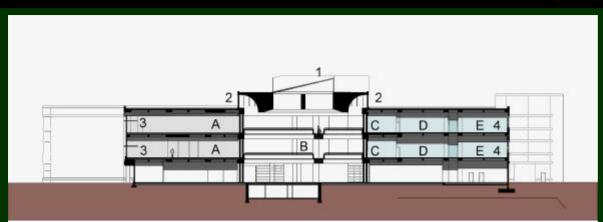


HELLMUTH, OBATA + KASSABAUM



S.C. Johnson W orldwide Professional





Daylighting Section

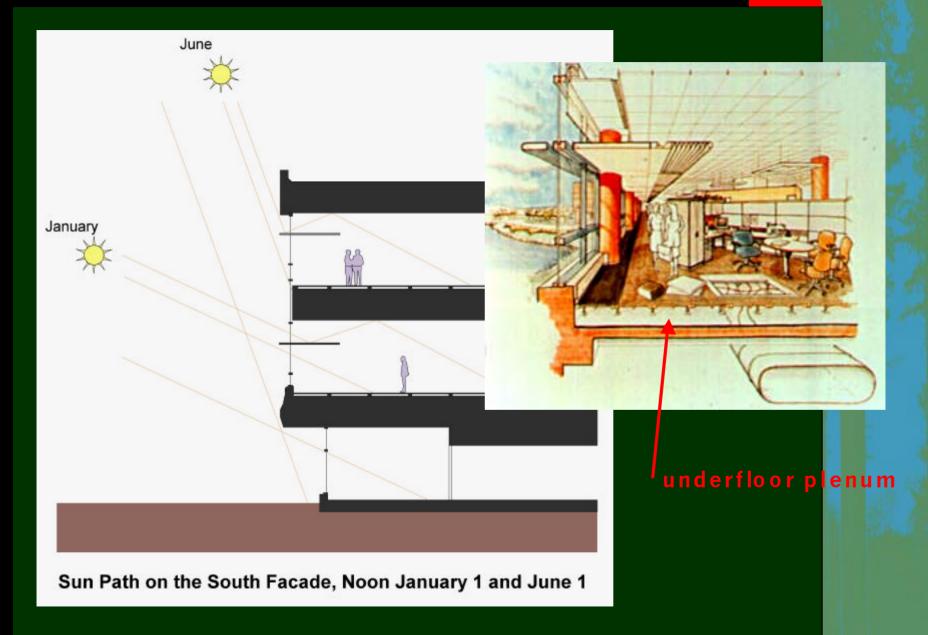
- A. Open Offices B. Atrium
- C. Lab Offices
- D. Labs
- E. Specialty Labs

- Skylight
 Light Scoops
 Light Shelves
 Ambiant North Lighting

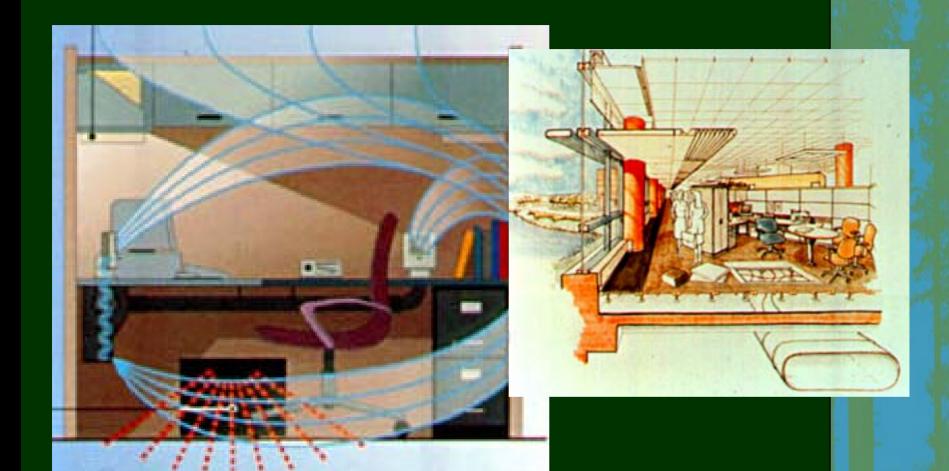




HELLMUTH, OBATA + KASSABAUN



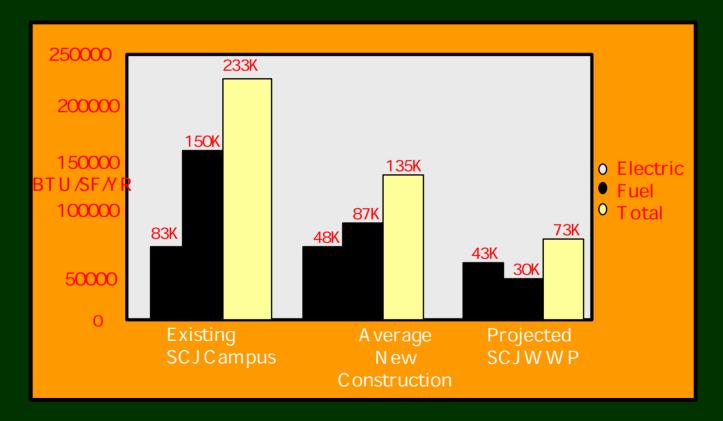




Personal Environmental System



S.C. Johnson W orldwide Professional Energy Consumption



(based on 2080 hour use projection)



-Source Pace Center for Environmental Legal Studies

Energy External Costs

Annual Emissions Avoided From Energy Conservation Measures

SO₂

97 tons

NO₂

32 tons

 CO_2

11, 300 tons

Particulates

7 tons

Solid Waste

600 tons

Cost/SF*

/S F

/SF

/S F

\$139.21/SF



Lab/Office Construction Cost

Total Construction Cost

Excavation /Foundation	\$6.86
Structure	10.39
Enclosure	12.51
Roof	1.93/S
Interior Construction	30.38
Equipment/Furnishing	11.25
Conveying System	.83 <i>/</i> SF
Mechanical Systems	28.10
Electrical Systems	19.07
Sitework	9.09/\$

^{* 12 /1995} cost

^{*}includes overhead & profit



Performance Scorecard

•Energy savings

+49%

Water savings

+12%

Materials Selection

A +

•IA Q

A ++

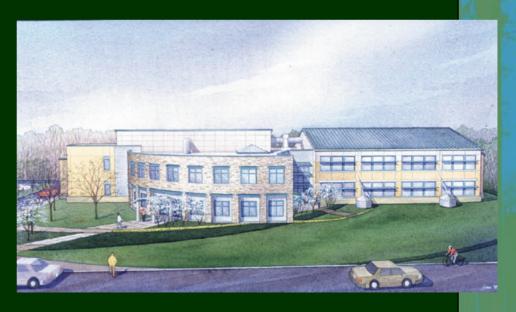
•Construction waste reduction 82%

•Site maintenance savings (annual) \$128,000



New Incubator Laboratory

- Completed 1999
- 40,000GSF incubator lab
- \$8 million
- \$200/SF





Key Energy Strategy Components

- Office = 100% outside air
- Office exhaust = lab supply
- Enthalpy recovery wheel for lab exhaust
- Fume hoods exhausted seperately
- Daylighting of all spaces





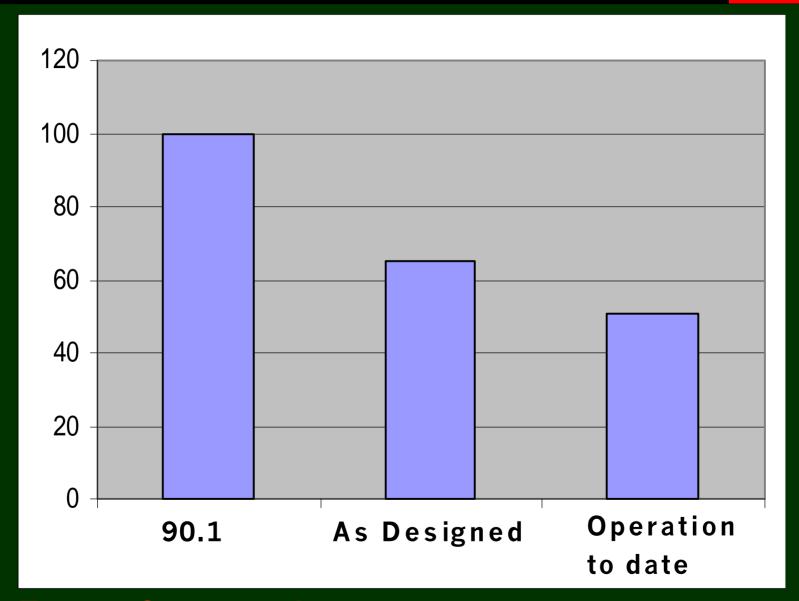
- energy conservation
- water harvesting
- materials selection
- "low cost" green











Energy Consumption



Performance Scorecard

Energy savings

+35%

Water savings

+25%

Materials Selection

A ++

•IA Q

A ++

•Construction waste reduction

55%

LEED Certified



New Academic Lab and Classroom Building

- Bid October 1999
- 120,000GSF classroom and faculty office building
- \$14 million
- \$116/SF

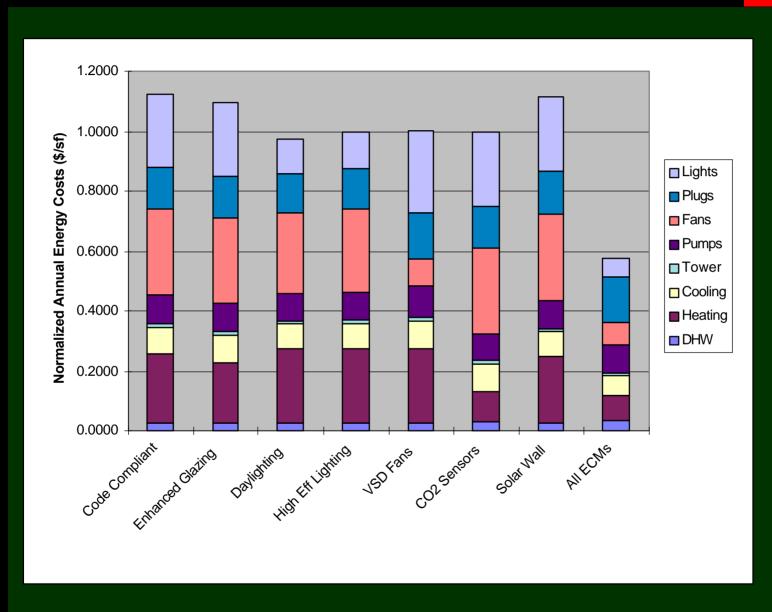




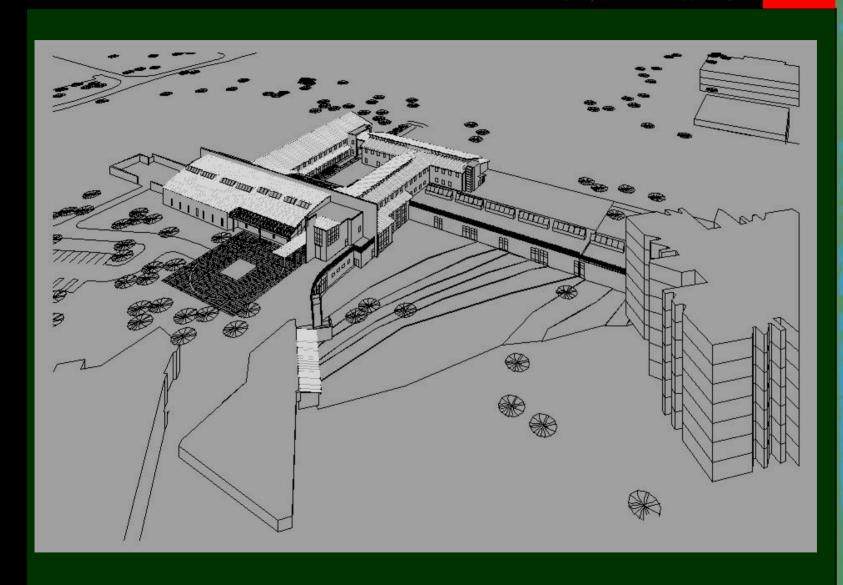
Key Energy Strategy Components

- Daylighting of almost all spaces
- Occupancy sensors on lighting and air distribution
- CO2 sensors and EMS control of ventilation to large classrooms
- Preheating of outside air
- Building integrated photovoltics

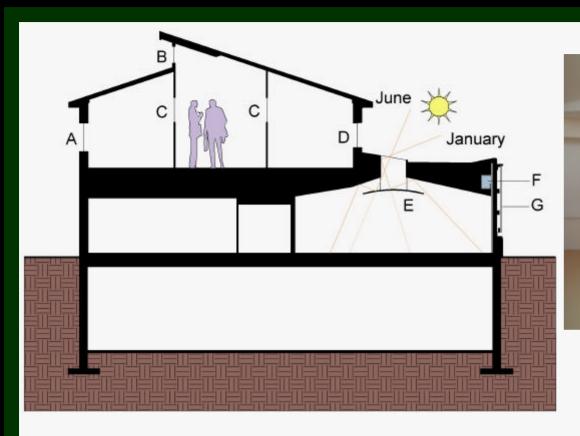








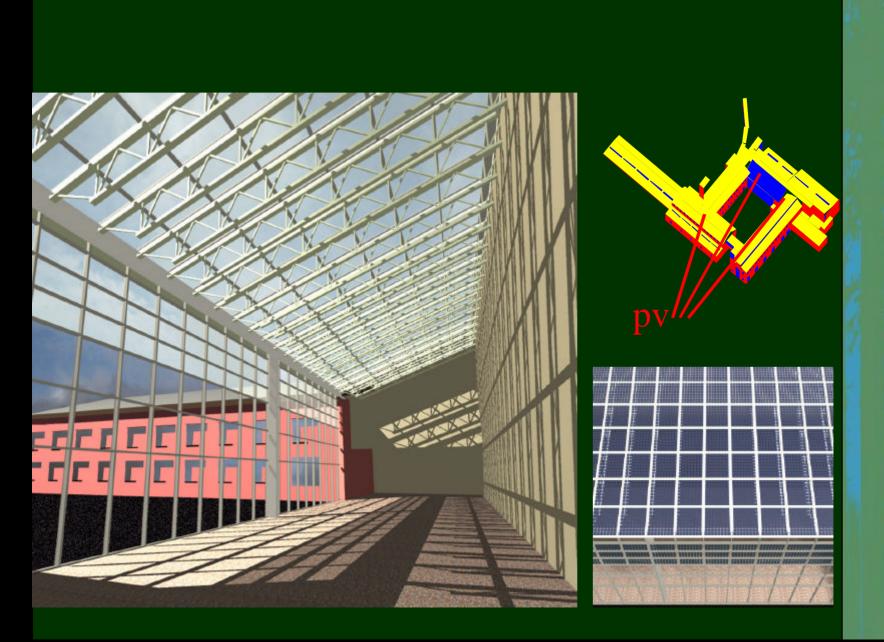






- A. North light through window
- B. North light through clerestory
- C. Daylight sharing through interior glazing
- D. South light through window
- E. Diffuse south light though skylight and daylight deflector
- F. Air intake for solar panel wall system
- G. Solar panel wall system







Performance Scorecard

Energy savings 45%

•Water savings 10%

Materials Selection A+

•IA Q A +

Renewable energy production 6%



New Main Science Building

- Bid October 2000
- 75,000GSF classroom, lab and faculty office building
- \$13.4 million
- \$178/SF

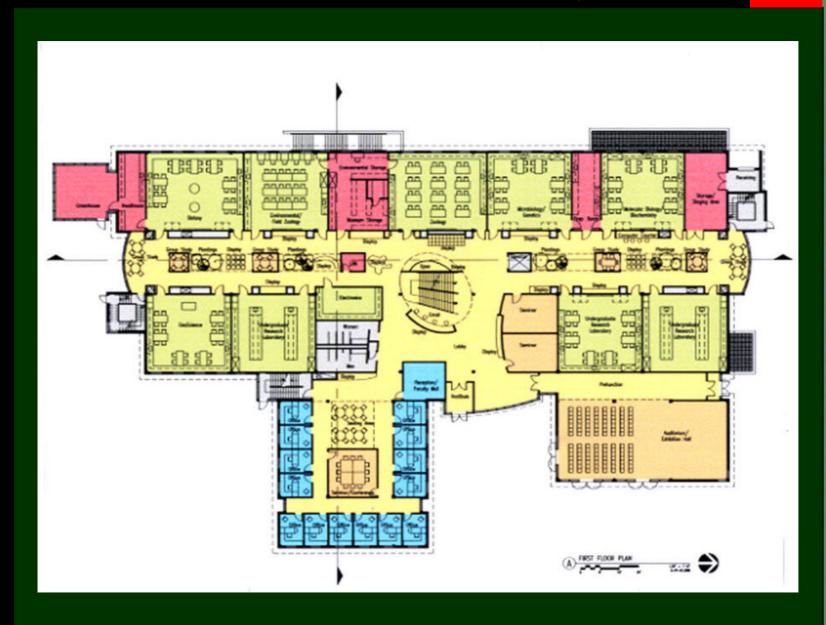




Key Energy Strategy Components

- 3 angstrom sieve heat wheel for all exhaust
- Maximum use of daylighting
- Operable windows
- CO2 sensors for classrooms
- Displacement ventilation in public areas
- Occupancy sensors for all spaces







HELLMUTH, OBATA + KASSABAUM





Performance Scorecard

Energy savings

60%

Water savings

40%

(no flow off site)

Materials Selection

A + + +

•IA Q

A +++

 Environmental aspects demonstrated throughout



Overall Lessons Learned What doesn't work

- 1. "Traditional" linear design process
- 2. Engineering separated from design
- 3. Overly complicated systems
- 4. Some technologies



Overall Lessons Learned

What does work

- 1. Integrated design process
- 2. Energy budget know benchmarks
- 3. Importance of energy modeling
- 4. Opportunities even in fast track project
- 5. Opportunities in low budget projects
 - "low cost green"
- 6. Importance of follow up /follow through support



Questions